#### **Key definitions**

Area=the amount of space inside a 2D shape

**Surface area**=the area of all the faces of a 3D shape added together

**Volume**=the amount of space inside a solid

Area of rectangles, triangles, parallelograms trapezium and circles

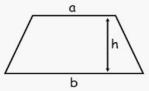
Rectangle = length x width

Triangle = base x height

2

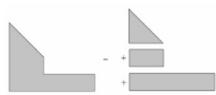
Parallelogram = base x perpendicular height

Trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2}$  (a+b) h



are easier to calculate. Calculate them sep-

a triangle.



Year 10 foundation topic 17

Perimeter, area and volume

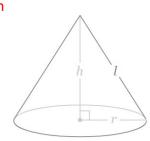
What careers would use these skills?

Gardeners, builders, architects, decorator, farmer, carpet fitter, engineer.

# Volume of a cone

Volume =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$ 

(h is the vertical height)



### Surface area of a cone

Curved surface area =  $\pi$  r l (I is the slant height)

Total SA =  $\pi r l + \pi r^2$ 

#### Area of a circle

 $A = \pi r^2$ 

Circumference of a circle

 $C = \pi d$ 



Radius





#### Volume of a cylinder

 $V = \pi r^2 h$ 

Surface area of a cylinder

Curved  $SA = \pi d h$ 

Total surface area

**Total Surface Area** = 30 + 132 + 60 + 84  $= 306m^2$ 

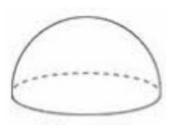
 $= 2 \pi r^2 + \pi d h$ 

### Surface area of a sphere

 $SA = 4 \pi r^2$ 

# SA of a hemisphere

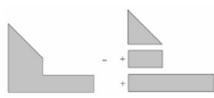
- 1. Find the surface area of the sphere
- 2. Half it
- 3. Add on the circle



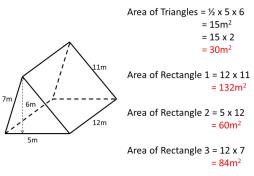
# Area of compound shapes

Split your shape into smaller shapes that arately and then add them together.

Eg. Split this shape into two rectangles and



### Triangular prism surface area



# Triangular prism volume

#### Example 1

Area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2}$  x 8 x 6  $= \frac{1}{2} \times 48$  $= 24 \text{ cm}^2$ 6 cm Volume = area x length = 24 X 7

 $= 168 \text{ cm}^3$ 

